

Base Tangle Decompositions and Subdivisions of Knots and Links

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HOMFLY invariant of Knot or Link

For a knot or link K ,

(1) $P(K;x,y) = 1$ if K is the trivial knot

(2) $x P(K^+;x,y) + y P(K^-;x,y) = P(K^\infty;x,y)$

Let T be a 2-string tangle.

$$x P(T^+; x, y) + y P(T^-; x, y) = P(T^\infty; x, y)$$

$K = T_1 + T_2$, where K is a knot and T_1, T_2 are tangles.

$$P(T_1; x, y) = a_1 A_1 + b_1 B_1$$

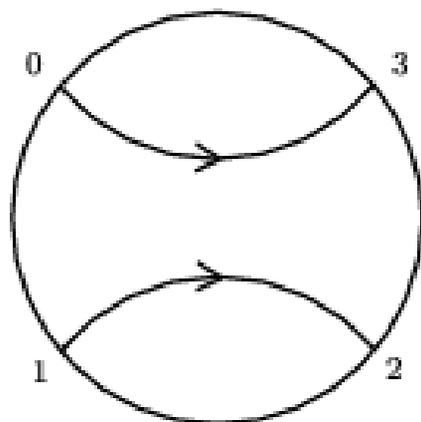
$$P(T_2; x, y) = a_2 A_2 + b_2 B_2,$$

$$P(K; x, y) = a_1 a_2 (A_1 + A_2) + a_1 b_2 (A_1 + B_2) + b_1 a_2 (B_1 + A_2) + b_1 b_2 (B_1 + B_2)$$

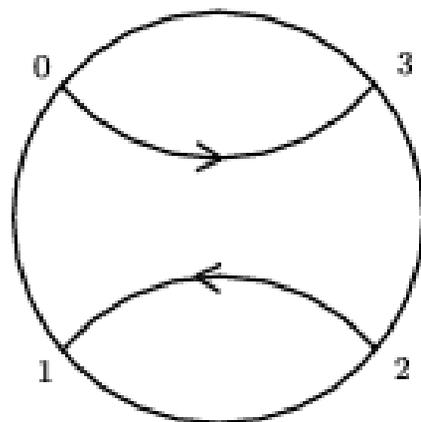
Where A_1, B_1, A_2, B_2 are base tangles.

A tangle T is called by a base tangle if

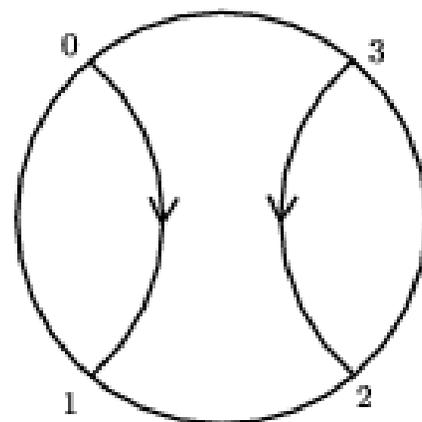
(1) T has minimal crossings with only plus sign.



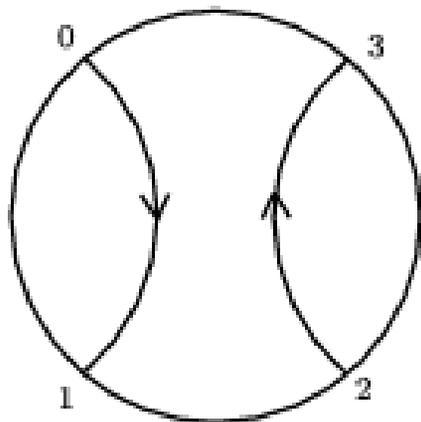
0-型



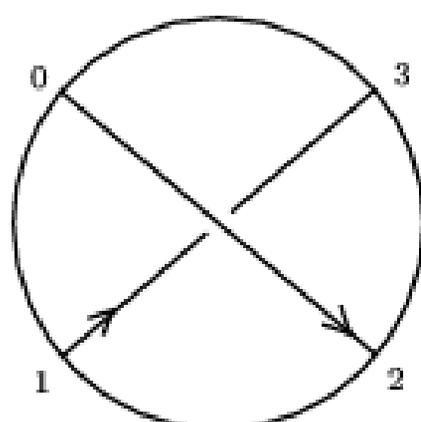
1-型



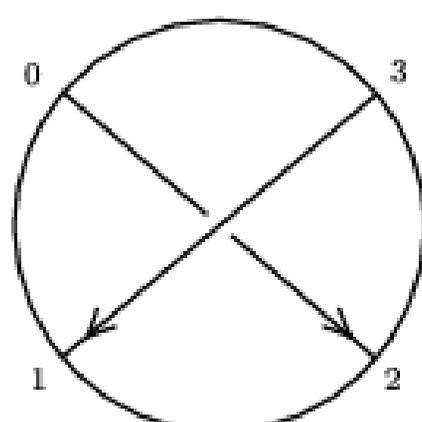
2-型



3-型



4-型



5-型

Tangle decomposition of Conway's knot

$$\left\{ \left\{ 0, 2 + \frac{1}{xy^3} - \frac{2}{y^2} - \frac{1}{xy} + \frac{x}{y} \right\}, \left\{ 4, -y^{-3} + \frac{x}{y^2} \right\} \right\}$$

$$\left\{ \left\{ 4, \frac{1}{x^2y^2} - \frac{1}{xy} - \frac{x}{y} \right\}, \left\{ 0, \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{xy^2} + \frac{2}{y} - \frac{1}{x^2y} \right\} \right\}$$

この出力は以下に示すようナリストである.

$$\left\{ \{A_1, \alpha_1\}, \{B_1, \beta_1\} \right\}$$

$$\left\{ \{A_2, \alpha_2\}, \{B_2, \beta_2\} \right\}$$

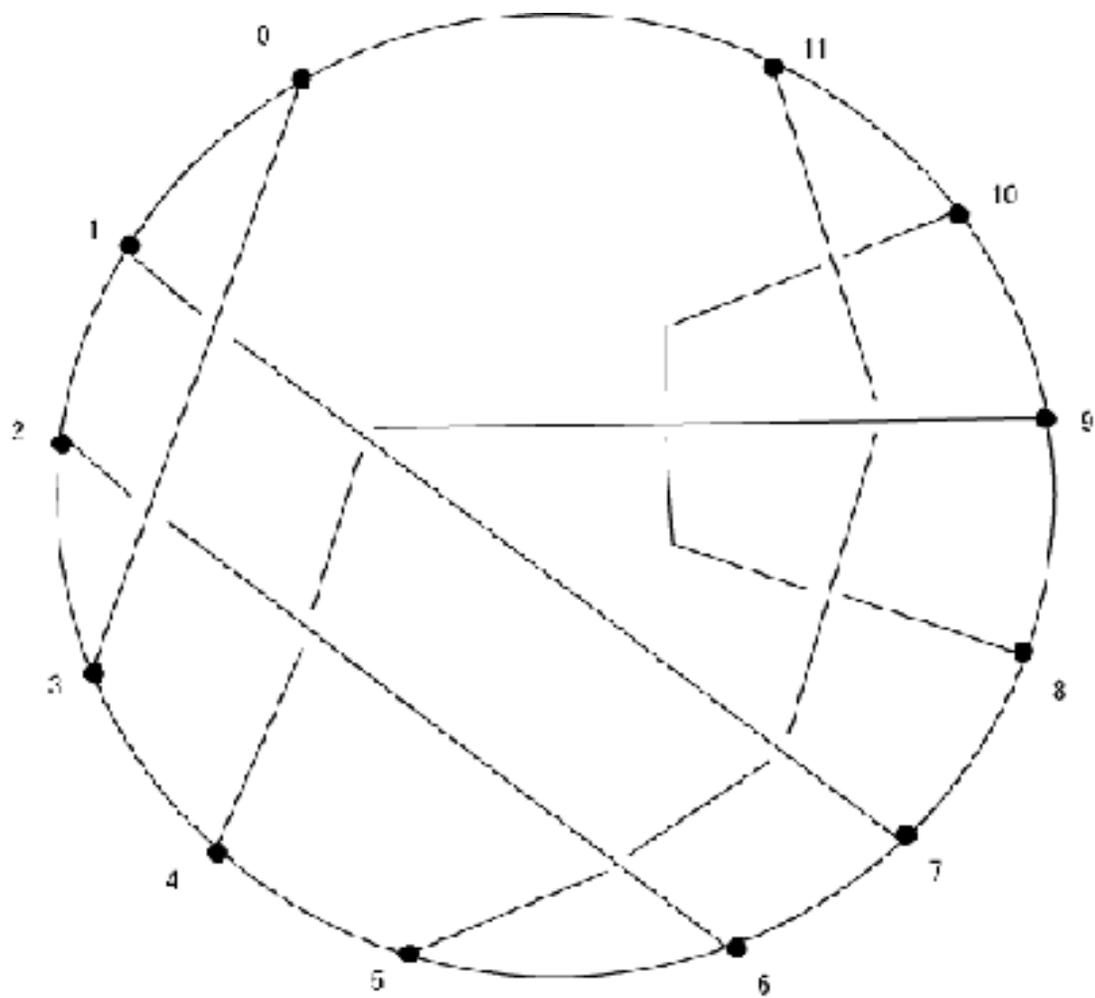
ただし、 $P(T_1, x, y) = \alpha_1 A_1 + \beta_1 B_1$ 、 $P(T_2, x, y) = \alpha_2 A_2 + \beta_2 B_2$ である.

$$(x+y)\alpha_1\alpha_2 + \alpha_2\beta_1 + \alpha_1\beta_2 + \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{y(x+y)}{x}\right)\beta_1\beta_2$$

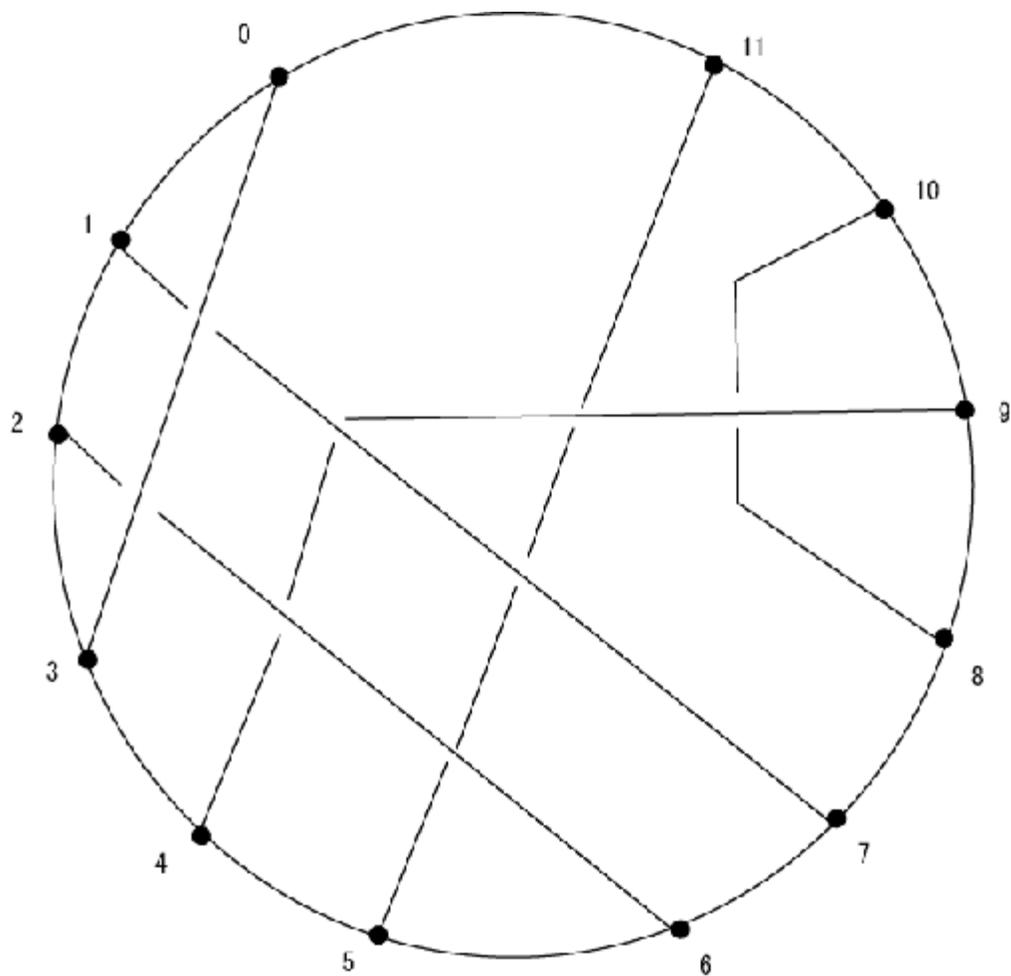
$$= 7 - \frac{3}{x^2} + y^{-4} - \frac{1}{x^2y^4} - \frac{1}{x^3y^3} + \frac{6}{xy^3} - \frac{3x}{y^3} - \frac{11}{y^2} + \frac{6}{x^2y^2} + \frac{2x^2}{y^2} + \frac{1}{x^3y} - \frac{11}{xy} + \frac{6x}{y} + \frac{2y}{x}$$

n-tangle decomposition($n > 2$)

- Base tangle by using **oriented ordered tangle**
 - (1) Minimal crossings
 - (2) First string has only over (resp. under) crossings, second string has also over (resp. under) crossings other than crossing with the first string,....



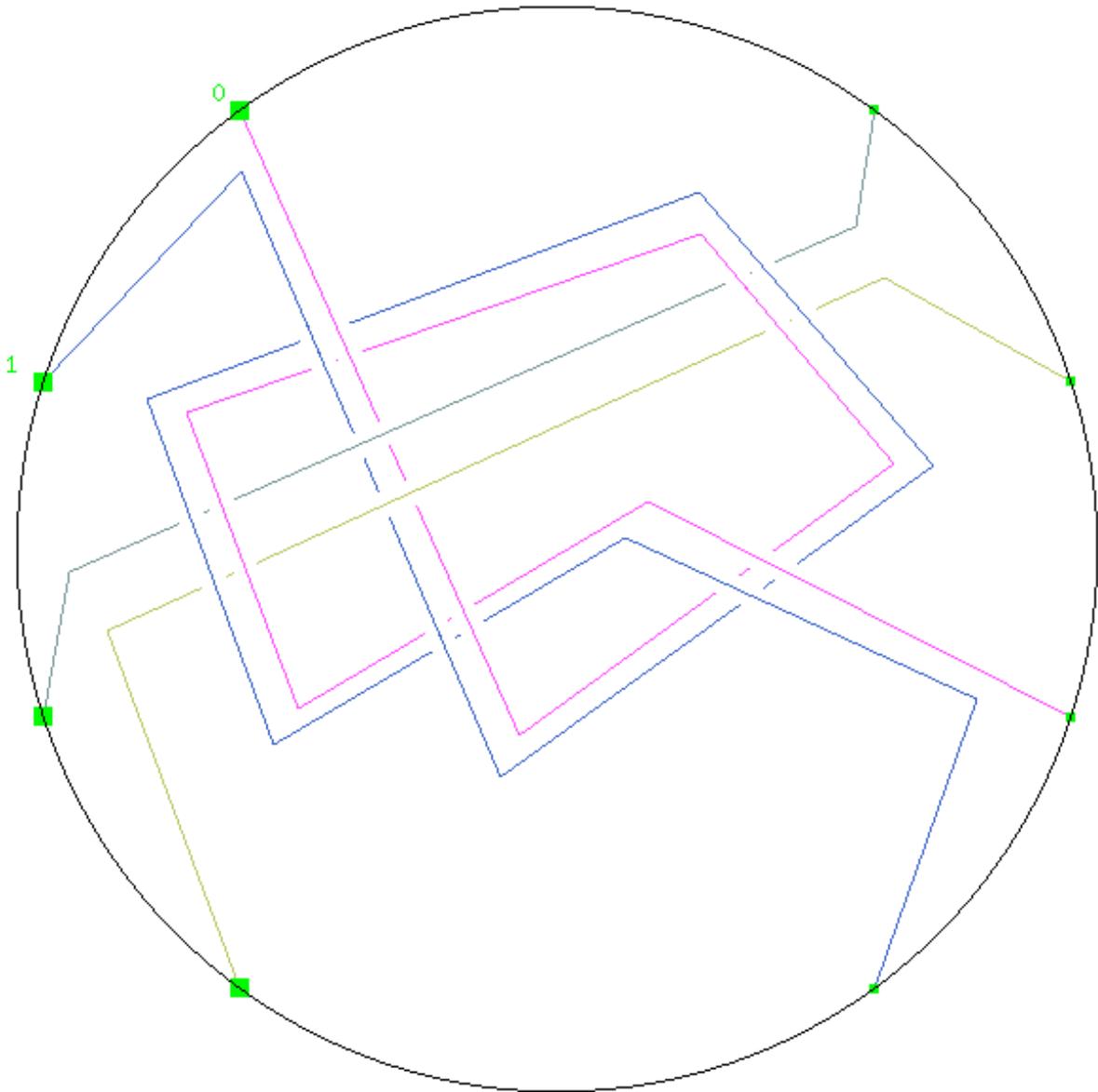
(0, 3, 1, 7, 2, 6, 9, 4, 11, 5, 10, 8)の基底タンゲルと同値な
非最小交点数を持つタンゲル

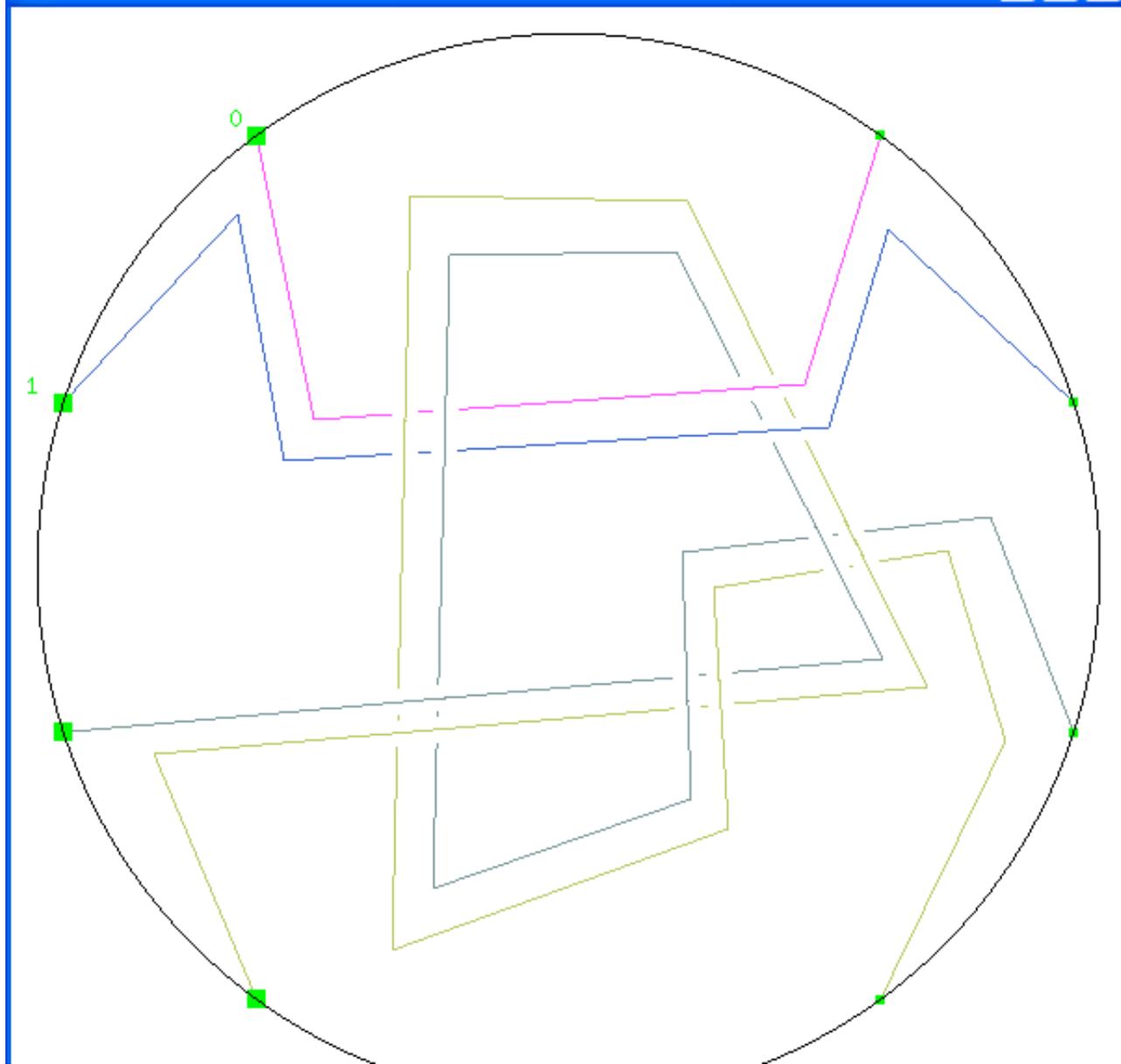


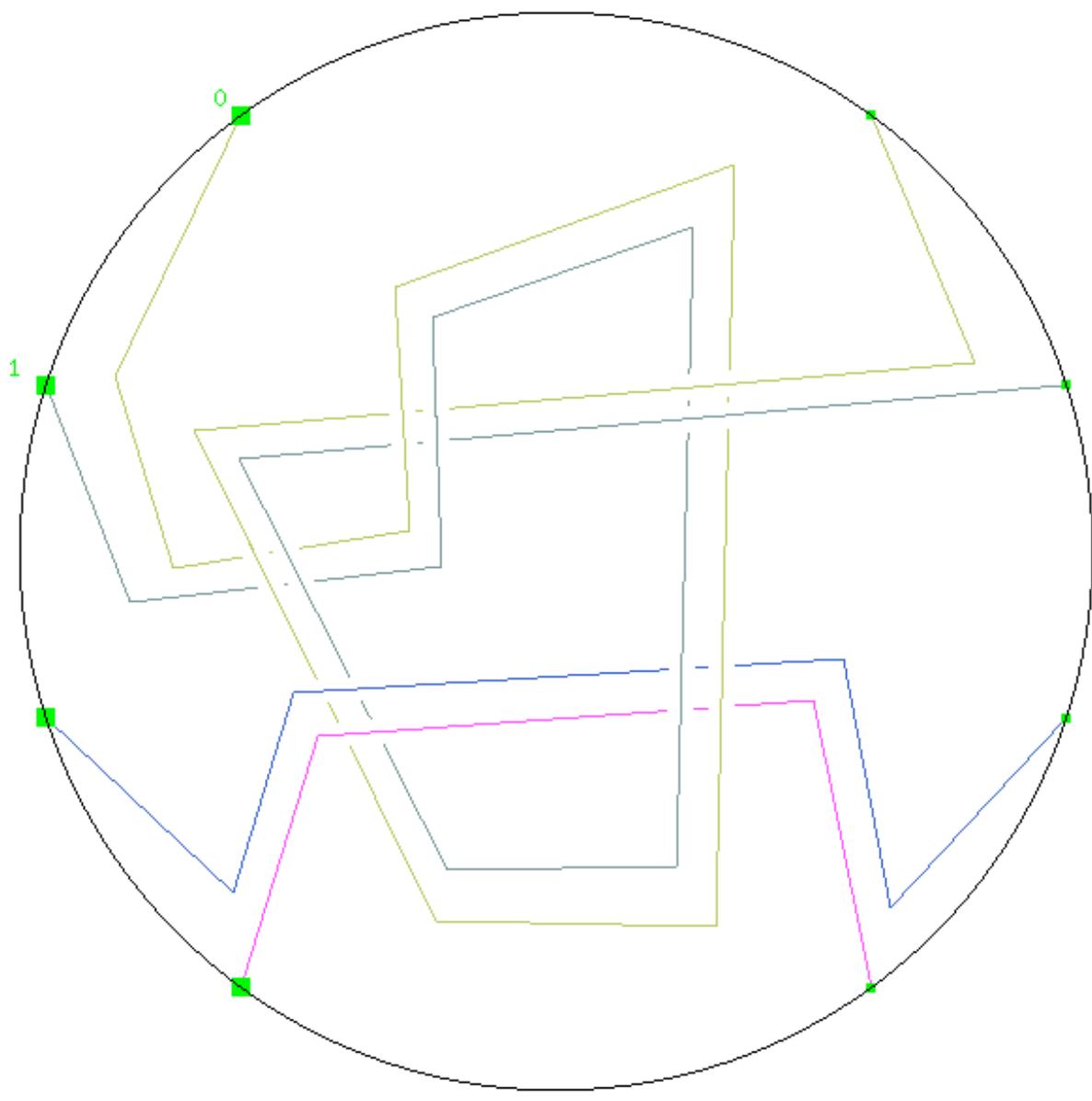
(0, 3, 1, 7, 2, 6, 9, 4, 11, 5, 10, 8)の基底タンゲル

Reconstruction of a base tangle from a sequence

- Our first method uses to make a base tangle from a sequence by using small deformations of string end points (The last version).
- The second method makes to classify n -multiple points which have models of n double points. This program made by Miss A. Emoto. And this program can make n string base tangles with up to 12. But practically, up to 9-string, in this case there exists $9!$ base tangles.







```
0 8 1 7 2 6 3 11 4 10 5 9
0 4
0 8 1 7 2 6 3 11 4 10 5 9
1 6 -6 9 4 -6 -45 3 -7 45 2 -6 60 2 -8 -279 1 -7 -36 1 -9 60 0
0 8 1 7 2 6 3 11 4 9 5 10
3 4 -7 -15 3 -8 30 2 -7 19 2 -9 -193 1 -8 -8 1 -10 86 0 -7 518
0 8 1 7 2 6 3 10 4 11 5 9
3 4 -7 -15 3 -8 30 2 -7 19 2 -9 -193 1 -8 -8 1 -10 86 0 -7 518
0 8 1 7 2 6 3 10 4 9 5 11
3 4 -8 -12 3 -9 45 2 -8 7 2 -10 -218 1 -9 -1 1 -11 188 0 -8 42
0 8 1 7 2 6 3 9 4 11 5 10
3 4 -8 -12 3 -9 45 2 -8 7 2 -10 -218 1 -9 -1 1 -11 188 0 -8 42
0 8 1 7 2 6 3 9 4 10 5 11
-3 5 -8 12 4 -9 -30 3 -8 -7 3 -10 148 2 -9 1 2 -11 -86 1 -8 -3
0 8 1 7 2 11 3 6 4 10 5 9
-2 5 -6 -1 4 -5 5 4 -7 -5 3 -6 -4 3 -8 -6 2 -5 48 2 -7 1 2 -9
0 8 1 7 2 11 3 6 4 9 5 10
-4 3 -7 -2 2 -6 24 2 -8 -1 1 -7 -35 1 -9 -10 0 -6 52 0 -8 18 0
0 8 1 7 2 11 3 10 4 6 5 9
2 4 -6 1 3 -5 -5 3 -7 5 2 -6 4 2 -8 8 1 -5 -41 1 -7 -1 1 -9 -3
0 8 1 7 2 11 3 10 4 9 5 6
-2 3 -6 -1 2 -5 5 2 -7 -9 1 -6 -4 1 -8 -12 0 -5 58 0 -7 1 0 -9
0 8 1 7 2 11 3 9 4 6 5 10
4 2 -7 4 1 -6 -17 1 -8 1 1 -10 24 0 -9 31 -1 -6 -77 -1 -8 -13
0 8 1 7 2 11 3 9 4 10 5 6
2 4 -6 1 3 -5 -5 3 -7 5 2 -6 4 2 -8 8 1 -5 -41 1 -7 -1 1 -9 -3
```

BASETANGLE2 - メモ帳

ファイル(F) 編集(E) 書式(O) 表示(V) ヘルプ(H)

```

| 0 11 1 10 2 9 3 8 4 7 5 6
  0 0
  0 11 1 10 2 9 3 8 4 7 5 6
-1 6 -6 -6 5 -5 18 5 -7 -12 4 -4 96 4 -6 -108 4 -8 -8 3 -3 17
  0 11 1 10 2 9 3 8 4 6 5 7
-4 5 -6 -15 4 -5 70 4 -7 -9 4 -9 72 4 -11 -14 3 -4 238 3 -6 -5
  0 11 1 10 2 9 3 7 4 8 5 6
-4 5 -6 -15 4 -5 70 4 -7 -9 4 -9 24 4 -11 -14 3 -4 238 3 -6 -5
  0 11 1 10 2 9 3 7 4 6 5 8
-6 5 -7 3 5 -9 -38 4 -6 107 4 -8 -24 4 -10 264 4 -12 -47 3 -5
  0 11 1 10 2 9 3 6 4 8 5 7
-6 5 -7 3 5 -9 -38 4 -6 107 4 -8 -24 4 -10 273 4 -12 -47 3 -5
  0 11 1 10 2 9 3 6 4 7 5 8
  4 6 -7 15 5 -6 -64 5 -8 6 5 -10 -48 5 -12 14 4 -5 -200 4 -7 4
  0 11 1 10 2 8 3 9 4 7 5 6
-1 6 -7 -4 5 -6 13 5 -8 -4 4 -5 57 4 -7 -71 4 -9 4 4 -11 63 3
  0 11 1 10 2 8 3 9 4 6 5 7
-4 5 -7 -7 4 -6 63 4 -8 -18 4 -10 68 4 -12 130 3 -7 -476 3 -9
  0 11 1 10 2 8 3 7 4 9 5 6
-1 6 -8 -6 5 -7 11 5 -9 -8 4 -6 85 4 -8 -59 4 -10 30 4 -12 136
  0 11 1 10 2 8 3 7 4 6 5 9
-1 6 -9 -14 5 -8 11 5 -10 -6 5 -12 -28 4 -7 152 4 -9 -68 4 -1
  0 11 1 10 2 8 3 6 4 9 5 7
-1 6 -9 -14 5 -8 11 5 -10 -16 5 -12 -28 4 -7 152 4 -9 -78 4 -
  0 11 1 10 2 8 3 6 4 7 5 9
  1 7 -9 6 6 -8 -10 6 -10 8 5 -7 -71 5 -9 48 5 -11 -10 5 -13 -10

```

Base Rule : (0)

The first base tangle decomposition:

Base Rule : (0)

The second base tangle decomposition:

A HOMFLY polynomial by tangle decomposition:

$$-4x^6 y^{-5} -28x^5 y^{-4} +47x^5 y^{-6} -88x^4 y^{-3} +264x^4 y^{-5} -207x^4 y^{-7} -156x^3 y^{-2} +$$

$$+548x^{-8} y^{-5} -971x^{-8} y^{-7} +210x^{-8} y^{-9} -2x^{-8} y^{-11} -135x^{-9} y^{-6} +190x^{-9} y^{-8} -22x$$

*** A full pdata made by the two tangles. ***

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|----|----|----|----|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| 55 | 11 | 38 | 82 | 16 | 60 | 61 | 17 | 83 | 39 | 2 | 46 | 36 | 80 | 49 | 5 | 8 | 52 | 73 | 29 | 32 | 76 |
| 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

*** A pdata made by the two tangles. ***

88 2

44 44

-55 -11 16 60 -83 -39 36 80 8 52 -73 -29 -77 -33 42 86 -65 -21 -47 -3 26 70 -56 -12 15 !

A HOMFLY polynomial by direct computation:

$$-4x^6 y^{-5} -28x^5 y^{-4} +47x^5 y^{-6} -88x^4 y^{-3} +264x^4 y^{-5} -207x^4 y^{-7} -156x^3 y^{-2} +$$

$$+548x^{-8} y^{-5} -971x^{-8} y^{-7} +210x^{-8} y^{-9} -2x^{-8} y^{-11} -135x^{-9} y^{-6} +190x^{-9} y^{-8} -22x$$

The base tangle decomposition of the second tangle of Terasaka's knot

| BASETANGLE2 - メモ帳 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|----|-----|---|-----|-----|---|-----|---------------------|
| ファイル(F) | 編集(E) | 書式(O) | 表示(V) | ヘルプ(H) | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 9 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 7 | 5 | 6 | |
| 0 | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 9 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 7 | 5 | 6 | |
| -1 | 6 | -6 | -6 | 5 | -5 | 18 | 5 | -7 | -12 | 4 | -4 | 96 4 -6 -108 4 -8 |
| 0 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 9 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 7 | |
| -4 | 5 | -6 | -15 | 4 | -5 | 70 | 4 | -7 | -9 | 4 | -9 | 72 4 -11 -14 3 -4 |
| 0 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 9 | 3 | 7 | 4 | 8 | 5 | 6 | |
| -4 | 5 | -6 | -15 | 4 | -5 | 70 | 4 | -7 | -9 | 4 | -9 | 24 4 -11 -14 3 -4 |
| 0 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 9 | 3 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 8 | |
| -6 | 5 | -7 | 3 | 5 | -9 | -38 | 4 | -6 | 107 | 4 | -8 | -24 4 -10 264 4 -12 |
| 0 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 9 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 8 | 5 | 7 | |
| -6 | 5 | -7 | 3 | 5 | -9 | -38 | 4 | -6 | 107 | 4 | -8 | -24 4 -10 273 4 -12 |
| 0 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 9 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 5 | 8 | |
| 4 | 6 | -7 | 15 | 5 | -6 | -64 | 5 | -8 | 6 | 5 | -10 | -48 5 -12 14 4 -5 - |
| 0 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 8 | 3 | 9 | 4 | 7 | 5 | 6 | |
| -1 | 6 | -7 | -4 | 5 | -6 | 13 | 5 | -8 | -4 | 4 | -5 | 57 4 -7 -71 4 -9 4 |
| 0 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 8 | 3 | 9 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 7 | |
| -4 | 5 | -7 | -7 | 4 | -6 | 63 | 4 | -8 | -18 | 4 | -10 | 68 4 -12 130 3 -7 |
| 0 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 8 | 3 | 7 | 4 | 9 | 5 | 6 | |
| -1 | 6 | -8 | -6 | 5 | -7 | 11 | 5 | -9 | -8 | 4 | -6 | 85 4 -8 -59 4 -10 3 |
| 0 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 8 | 3 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 9 | |
| -1 | 6 | -9 | -14 | 5 | -8 | 11 | 5 | -10 | -6 | 5 | -12 | -28 4 -7 152 4 -8 |
| 0 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 8 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 9 | 5 | 7 | |

The 3-parallel HOMFLY polynomial of Terasaka's knot

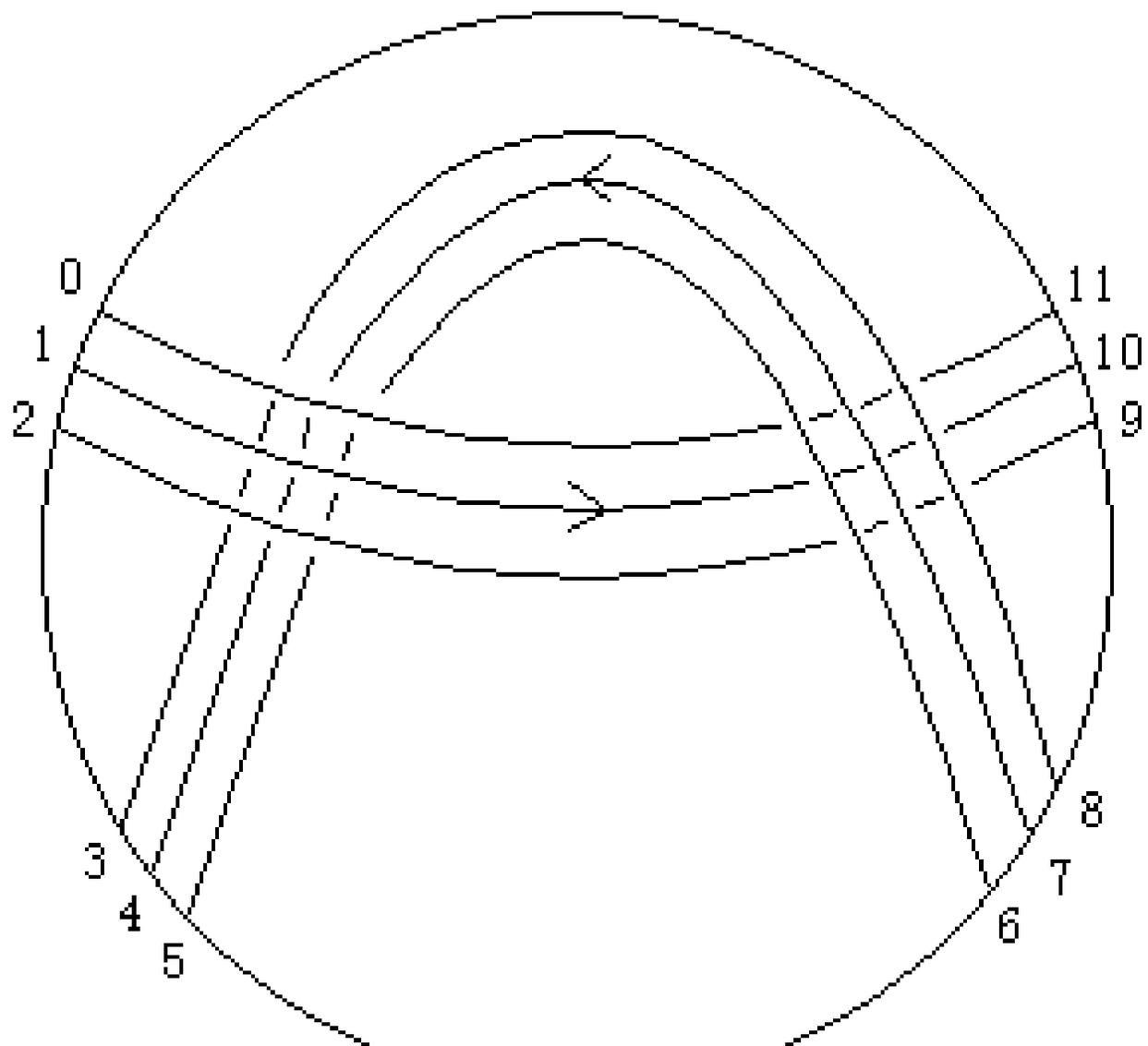
```
KNOTBYTANGLE - メモ帳
ファイル(F) 編集(E) 書式(O) 表示(V) ヘルプ(H)
*** A full pdata of a 3-parallel tangle made by a 2-tangle. ***
 70 43 16 87 96 105 24 51 78 79 52 25 106 97 88 3 30 57 84 93 102 61 34
 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4
 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Base Rule : ( 0 )
The first base tangle decomposition:
( 2414.547000 [sec] )
*** A full pdata of a 3-parallel tangle made by a 2-tangle. ***
 79 55 31 30 54 78 80 56 32 29 53 77 81 57 33 28 52 76 82 58 34 39 63
 4 4 4 3 3 3 4 4 4 3 3 3 4 4 4 3 3 3 1 1 1 2 2
 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4
Base Rule : ( 0 )
The second base tangle decomposition:
( 2261.641000 [sec] )
A 3-parallel HOMFLY polynomial by tangle decomposition:
-8x^11y^-9-88x^10y^-8+246x^10y^-10+x^10y^-12-452x^9y^-7+2292x^9y^-9-3869x^9y^-11-122x^9y^-13-
18x^1y^-1-405131x^1y^-3+4112972x^1y^-5-15197174x^1y^-7+25673235x^1y^-9-48099290x^1y^-11+11925
1-48038573x^-3y^-23+8027437x^-3y^-25+9916x^-3y^-27-478276x^-4y^-2+19258906x^-4y^-4-192150319x
23+65761145x^-7y^-25-15183756x^-7y^-27+645023x^-7y^-29+9x^-7y^-31+377x^-8y^-4-134098085x^-8y^
128x^-11y^-25-869806x^-11y^-27+1585541x^-11y^-29-96814x^-11y^-31+565x^-11y^-33+9517x^-12y^-8-
15y^-33-2x^-15y^-35-2715x^-16y^-12-46982031x^-16y^-14-5487657x^-16y^-16+328177727x^-16y^-18-3
22y^-30+45x^-23y^-21+162x^-23y^-23-439x^-23y^-25+230x^-23y^-27-x^-24y^-22-4x^-24y^-24+10x^-24
```

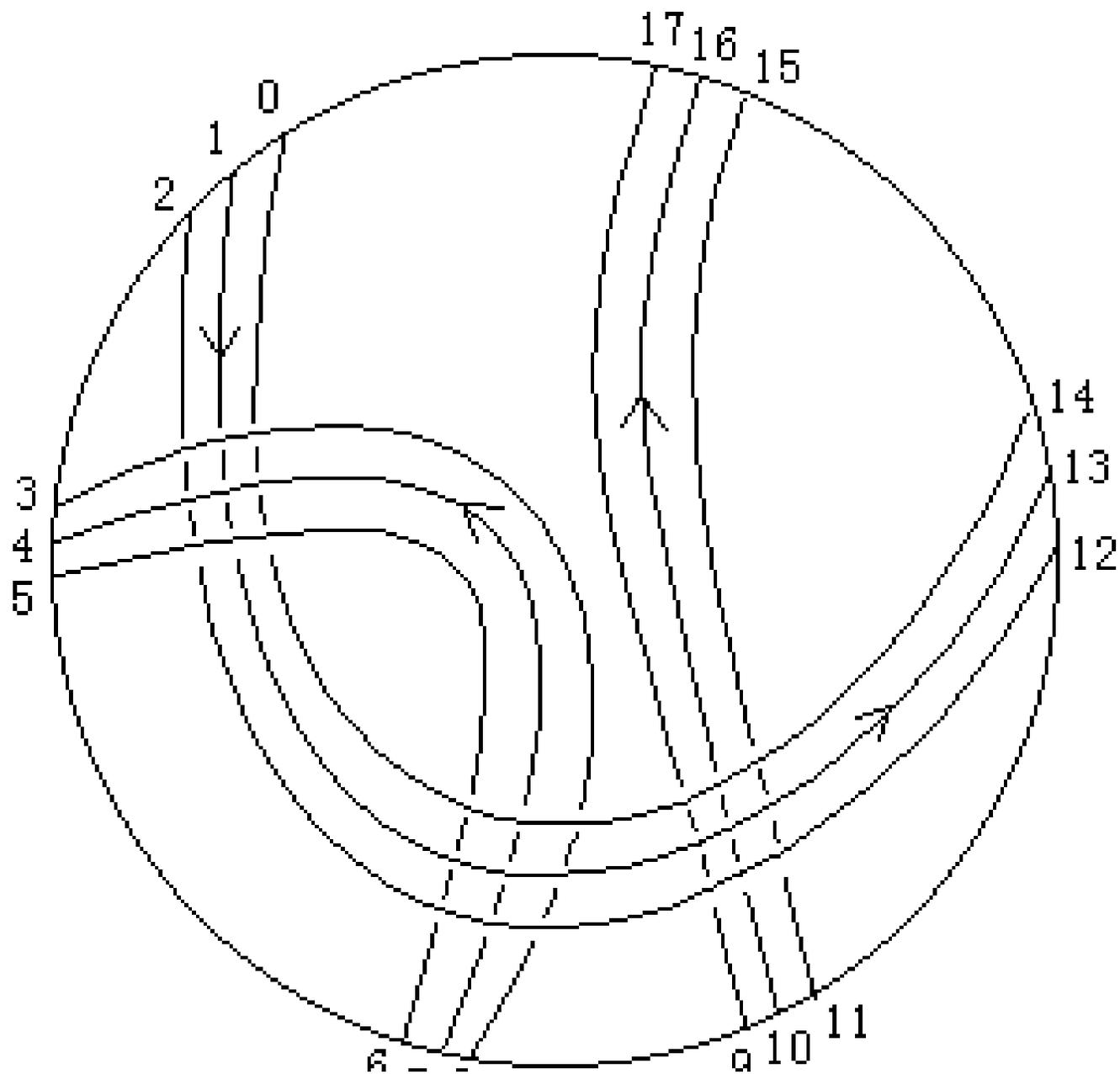
Final computation of base tangle decomposition

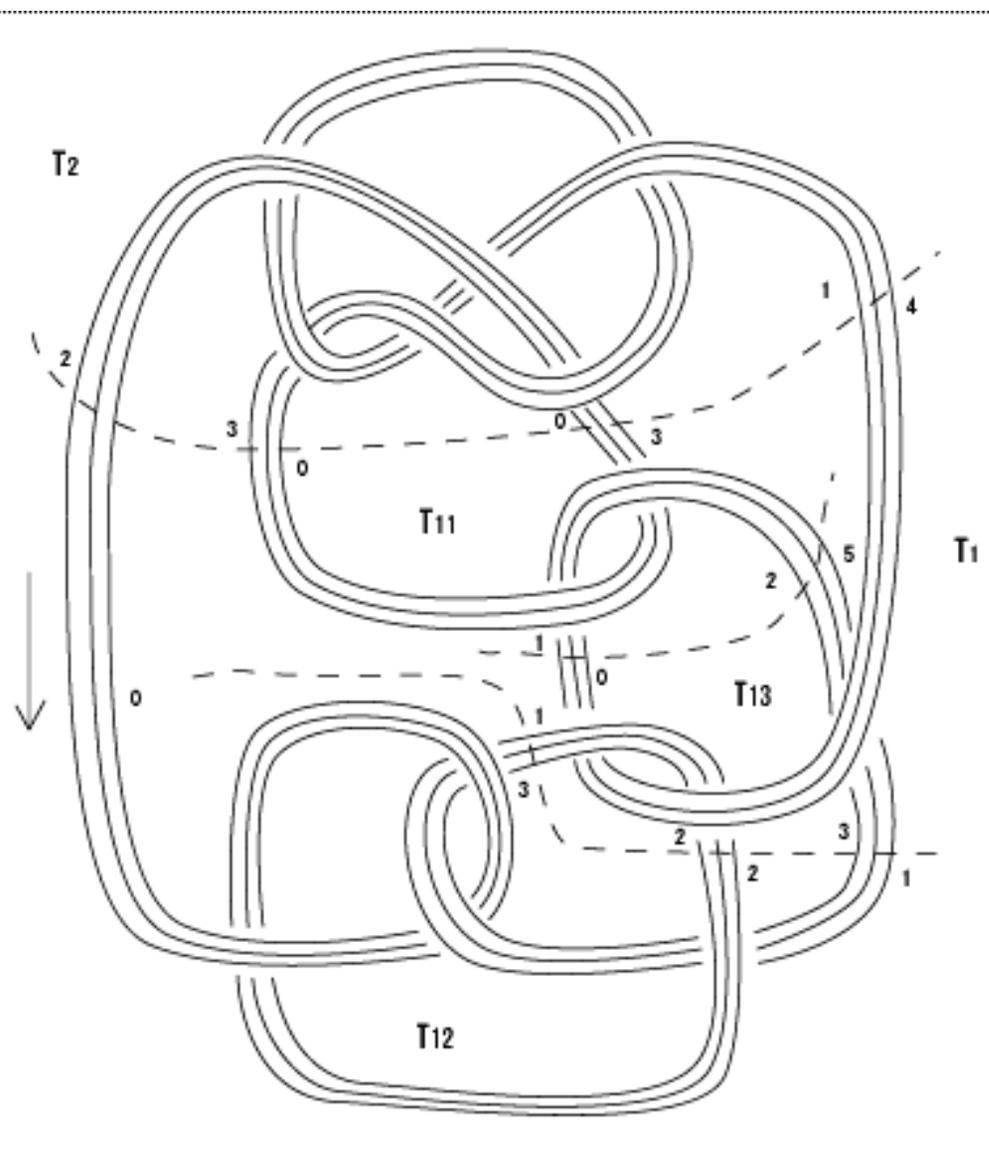
```
c:\ e:\NETTangle64\Debug\Tangle64.exe
708-th base tangle has matched.
709-th base tangle has matched.
710-th base tangle has matched.
711-th base tangle has matched.
712-th base tangle has matched.
713-th base tangle has matched.
714-th base tangle has matched.
715-th base tangle has matched.
716-th base tangle has matched.
717-th base tangle has matched.
718-th base tangle has matched.
719-th base tangle has matched.

A 3-parallel HOMFLY polynomial by tangle decomposition:
-8x^11y^-9-88x^10y^-8+246x^10y^-10+x^10y^-12-452x^9y^-7+2292x^9y^-9-3869x^9y^-11
-122x^9y^-13-5x^9y^-15-1416x^8y^-6+10179x^8y^-8-29683x^8y^-10+36290x^8y^-12+1901
x^8y^-14+53x^8y^-16-2982x^7y^-5+28533x^7y^-7-108943x^7y^-9+242961x^7y^-11-225335
x^7y^-13-13701x^7y^-15+278x^7y^-17-4398x^6y^-4+56148x^6y^-6-260874x^6y^-8+748689
x^6y^-10-1382462x^6y^-12+994195x^6y^-14+71452x^6y^-16-1479x^6y^-18-4597x^5y^-3+8
1066x^5y^-5-466519x^5y^-7+1493434x^5y^-9-3700672x^5y^-11+5752416x^5y^-13-3200561
x^5y^-15-316092x^5y^-17+416x^5y^-19-3374x^4y^-2+86565x^4y^-4-662591x^4y^-6+23357
20x^4y^-8-6141136x^4y^-10+13861587x^4y^-12-17928260x^4y^-14+7384816x^4y^-16+1147
919x^4y^-18+9536x^4y^-20-1687x^3y^-1+67170x^3y^-3-750111x^3y^-5+3240874x^3y^-7-8
066767x^3y^-9+19655564x^3y^-11-40318096x^3y^-13+41991733x^3y^-15-11420564x^3y^-17
7-3066180x^3y^-19-19554x^3y^-21-542x^2+36417x^2y^-2-650371x^2y^-4+4033701x^2y^-6
```

How to compute the 3-parallel
HOMFLY polynomial of the
following knot with 15-crossings







Obstruction of subdivision

- Usual base decompositions are applied to 2 different strings and so no “free loops” are generated.
- Tangle subdivision generates at most three free loops.

Subdivision programs

```
composition(0, 12, 12, 12, 0, 0, NULL);
```

```
>> knot , link
```

```
composition(1, 12, 18, 9, p, q, base);
```

```
composition 696() >> 9-string
```

```
composition(2, 12, 18, 6, p, q, base);
```

```
composition699() >> 6-string
```

```
composition(3, 12, 12, 6, p, q, base);
```

```
composition666() >> 6-string
```

```
composition(4, 18, 18, 6, p, q, base);
```

```
composition9912() >> 6-string
```